Sở GD-ĐT Tỉnh Bà Rịa-Vũng Tàu   **KIỂM TRA CHẤT LƯỢNG GIỮA KỲ I - NĂM HỌC 2011-2012**
Trường THPT Trần Nguyên Hãn   **Môn: TIẾNG ANH 12**
Thời gian: 45 phút(không kể thời gian phát đề)

Họ tên học sinh: . . . . .SBD: . . . . .Lớp: 12 . . . | **Mã đề: 416** |

I. Choose the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest:
1. A. divid<u>ed</u>   **B.** shar<u>ed</u>   **C.** oblig<u>ed</u>   **D.** suppos<u>ed</u>
2. A. ed<u>u</u>cation   **B.** st<u>u</u>dent   **C.** c<u>u</u>rriculum   **D.** t<u>u</u>ition

II. Read the text carefully and then choose the correct answers:
Parents send their children to the school to prepare for the time when they grow up. Children learn their native language so that they will be able to communicate fluently with other people around them. Moreover, they can preserve the valuable culture and literature of their country. They learn foreign languages in order to benefit from other countries' heritage. The more foreign languages they learn, the more benefits they get. Children also learn mathematics to calculate, geography to know about nature, and history to know about human beings and historical events. Nearly everything they study at school has some practical uses in their life.

3. Parents send their children to school to _____.
   A. prepare for their future   **B.** learn English   **C.** make them grow up   **D.** play better
4. Why do children have to learn their native language?
   A. To benefit from foreign countries' heritage.   **B.** To learn foreign languages.
   C. To know about nature   **D.** To communicate fluently with other people around them.
5. According to the passage, children learn history to know about _____.
   A. practical uses in life   **B.** people and historical events   **C.** the mankind   **D.** events of the history
6. How many school subjects are mentioned in the passage?
   A. Seven   **B.** Five   **C.** Six   **D.** Four
7. Most of the things children learn at school _____.
   A. are useless   **B.** have no use   **C.** have some practical uses   **D.** are not necessary

III. Choose the word which is stressed differently from the rest:
8. A. family   **B.** whenever   **C.** obedient   **D.** solution
9. A. secondary   **B.** identify   **C.** certificate   **D.** original

IV. Choose A, B, C, or D that best completes each unfinished sentence, substitutes the underlined part, or has a close meaning to the original one:
10. The victim is said _____ on the way to hospital.
   A. to die   **B.** to be died   **C.** to have been died   **D.** to have died
11. "Thank you for the nice gift." " _____"
   A. I'm glad you like it.   **B.** But do you know how much it costs?
   C. In fact. I myself don't like it.   **D.** You're welcomed
12. The road will remain safe _____ the flood washes out the bridge.
   A. as long as   **B.** unless   **C.** if   **D.** since
13. One of Vietnamese traditions is a belief in _____ families and in preserving their cultures.
   A. close-knit   **B.** secure   **C.** wealthy   **D.** safe
14. When you see your teacher **approaching** you, a slight wave to attract his attention is appropriate.
   A. coming nearer to   **B.** pointing at   **C.** catching sight of   **D.** looking up to
15. If she _____ rich, she would travel around the world.
   A. were   **B.** has been   **C.** would be   **D.** is
16. A large number of India men agreed that it was unwise to confide _____ their wives.
   A. with   **B.** on   **C.** in   **D.** of
17. The most common way of attracting someone's attention from a distance is _____.
   A. smiling   **B.** waving   **C.** nodding   **D.** handshaking
18. _____ nonverbal language is _____ important aspect of interpersonal communication.
   A. The / Ø   **B.** A / the   **C.** Ø / an   **D.** The / a
19. What could be more _____ than a wedding on a tropical island?
   A. romanticizing   **B.** romance   **C.** romantic   **D.** romanticism
20. "Let's go to the movie now." "Oh! _____"
   A. Good idea!   **B.** I don't.   **C.** Why's that?   **D.** I need it.
21. Fee-paying schools, often called" independent schools", "private schools" or "_____ schools".
   A. college   **B.** public   **C.** primary   **D.** secondary
22. I _____ a lot of interesting people while I _____ in Norway.
   A. met / worked   **B.** met / was working   **C.** was meeting / worked **D.** was meeting / was working
23. "Do you think you'll get the job?" "_____"
                                                         Yes, that's right.

24. Mathematics, a required subject in all schools, is _____ into many braches.

    A. added   **B.** divided   **C.** prepared   **D.** grouped

25. Barbara asked me who _____ to the cinema with.

    A. did I go   **B.** I had been   **C.** had I been   **D.** I did go

26. Education _____ to be the most important element to develop a country.

    A. can often be considered   **B.** can often consider   **C.** can often considered   **D.** often be considered

27. Most universities _____ students who want to attend the university to pass three A-Levels.

    A. tell   **B.** receive   **C.** ask   **D.** require

V. Choose the best sentence which has the closest meaning to the original one:

28. After locking the door of the shop, she left.

    A. She didn't leave until she locked the door of the shop.

    B. She didn't leave before she locked the door of the shop.

    C. She left before she locked the door of the shop.

    D. She didn't leave as soon as she locked the door of the shop.

29. "I'm sorry, I was rude to you yesterday," I said to Tom.

    A. I apologized Tom for having been rude to him the day before.

    B. I apologize to you as I was rude to you yesterday.

    C. I apologized of being rude to you yesterday.

    D. I apologize for my rude to you yesterday.

30. We didn't go by air because I didn't have enough money.

    A. We had had enough money if we would have gone by air.

    B. We would go by air if we had enough money.

    C. If we would go by air, we had enough money.

    D. We would have gone by air if we had had enough money.

VI. Choose the best sentence that can be arranged from the words given:

31. our / will / school / if / access / much / Internet / we / to / learn / the / better / has

    A. If we will learn much better, our school has access to the Internet.

    B. If we will learn better to the Internet, our school has much access.

    C. If our school has access to the Internet, we will learn much better.

    D. If our school has much access, we will learn better to the Internet.

VII. Choose the word or phrase A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage:

In India and some other countries, most marriages are arranged by parents deciding whom their children will (32)_____ . But in the United States, Canada, the United Kingdom and other Western countries, nearly everyone makes his or her own decision about whom and when to marry.

In many societies, two people usually go on social outings with members of the (33)_____ sex before they marry. The age at which people begin dating varies widely. As adolescents move into young adulthood, they are more likely to experience dating relationships. A man and woman who date spend much time learning to know the other person. After they (34)_____ dated for a while, they may find that they love each other and become engaged to be married. In many cases, a man gives a woman an engagement ring as a token of their agreement to marry.

Some couples who date choose to live (35)_____ before becoming engaged. This practice is often called cohabitation. Although most major religions disapprove (36)_____ cohabitation before marriage, it has become an increasing common step on the path to marriage in Western societies.

32. **A.** attract   **B.** live   **C.** marry   **D.** love

33. **A.** same   **B.** opposite   **C.** similar   **D.** different

34. **A.** had   **B.** are   **C.** were   **D.** have

35. **A.** together   **B.** altogether   **C.** lovely   **D.** alone

36. **A.** of   **B.** for   **C.** on   **D.** in

VIII. Error identification:

37. The girl <u>asked</u> him if he <u>was</u> <u>online</u> <u>the</u> day before.

             A   B   C   D

38. <u>Had I</u> been interested <u>in</u> that subject, I would <u>try to learn</u> more <u>about</u> it.

     A   B   C   D

39. What <u>was</u> the name <u>of the</u> person <u>whom</u> bought <u>your</u> old motorcycle ?

          A   B   C   D

40. When I arrived <u>at</u> the station, he <u>has</u> been waiting <u>for</u> me <u>for an hour</u>.

                A   B   C   D

------------------------ THE END ---------------------